nutrition and health care facilties etc. Funds are released to the District Child Labour Project Society headed by the District Collector. The District Collector, implements the Scheme including the worik related to the survey of child labour with the help of selected Non-Government Organisations. Government is also implementing the Indo-US Child Labour (INDUS) Project in 21 districts of the country. In addition, a Scheme of Grants-in-aid to voluntary organizations for running special schools for child labour is also being implemented in the districts, which are not covered under NCLP/INDUS Projects.

(f) No, Sir.

(g) Does not arise.

Employment opportunities in organised, manufacturing and service sectors

3193. SHRI PENUMALLI MADHU: Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the detailed figures showing employment opportunities created in the organised, manufacturing and service sectors during the last three years;

(b) whether it is a fact that the corporate investment led growth is not leading to any significant improvement in employment for the masses; and

(c) whether Government furnish comparative figures of employment created in the *organised, manufacturing and service sectors during the pre and post UPA Government* periods?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI OSCAR FERNANDES): (a) to (c) Details of employment in organized manufacturing and organized service sectors as on 31st March during the years 2001-2005 collected under Employment Market Information Programme of Directorate General of Employment and Training are given below:

Year	Employment in organised manufacturing and organised service sector (in million)		
	Manufacturing	Services	All Sectors
2001	6.43	17.97	27.79
2002	6.22	17.76	27.21
2003	6.00	17.72	27.00
2004	5.68	17.34	26.44
2005	5.62	17.36	26.46

Large organized establishments prefer to go in for capital-intensive technology of production in order to raise productivity level so as to be more competitive in the market and for maximizing their profitability This is corroborated by data published in the Annual Survey of Industries that showed decline in absolute number of persons engaged in organized manufacturing sector from 9.54 million in 1996-97 to 7.87 million in 2003-04 when average annual growth rate of Index of Industrial Production (IIP) was 5.5 per cent and growth of manufacturing sector was even higher than 5.9 per cent. Further, employment intensity of registered units also indicates that an investment of Rs. 0.72 lakh is required for creation of one employment in micro, small and medium enterprises sector as against Rs. 5.56 lakh in the large organized sector.